



THE ANTIOCH NEWS.



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RED CROSS GIFT FROM COUNTY O. K.

Illinois Attorney General Gen-
eral Gives Opinion on Co.
Appropriation of \$2,000

RELIEF TO SOLDIERS LEGAL

Attorney General Brandegee has de-
livered a formal written opinion on the
county appropriation of \$2,000 for the
Red Cross. His edict in effect is that
the appropriation, to be paid in four
\$500 monthly installments, and to be
used in Lake county for relief among
the dependent of soldiers, is valid.

There is no bar to its payment, as
the attorney general clears up the con-
fusion that existed by enclosing in full
his opinion regarding the McLean county
appropriation, which was made, not
for soldiers' dependents at home, but
for the purchase of hospital supplies to
be sent abroad.

Lew A. Hendee,
County Clerk.

Waukegan, Ill.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your
favor of the 21st, instant, and note
statement to the effect that the coun-
ty board of your county at a meet-
ing of the board held during this present
month appropriated the sum of \$2,000,
to be paid in four \$500 monthly in-
stallments, for the purpose of relief
among the dependent of soldiers at home,
but for the purchase of hospital supplies
to be sent abroad.

In reply, I will say, the opinion to
which you refer was one rendered the
Hon. Miles K. Young, state's attorney
for McLean county, a copy of which I
herewith enclose, and was based upon a
statement of facts which differ from
the one contained in your letter.

The resolution which formed the basis
for the appropriation made by the coun-
ty board of McLean county, authorized
the payment to the Bloomington chap-
ter of the American Red Cross society
of the sum of \$500 per month during
the period of the war to be used for
the purchase of hospital supplies for the
sick and wounded soldiers of the United
States and her allies in the present war.

You will note that the holding of this
department in said opinion is in sub-
stance, that the county board can leg-
ally exercise only such powers as are con-
ferred upon it by statute, or such as
are implied from an express grant of
powers. That as the statute conferred
no grant of power to make such an ap-
propriation as was attempted to be
made by said board, the board exceed-
ed its powers. However, an appropriation
made by a county board to the Red
Cross society to be used for the purpose
of purchasing hospital supplies for sick
and wounded soldiers of the United
States and her allies, is an entirely dif-
ferent matter from an appropriation
made by the county board for the care
and sustenance of those whose support
became a county charge.

Section 14 of chapter 107 makes the
support of the poor a county charge ex-
cept in counties that have provided that
such support shall be by townships. And
while the statute provides primarily for
the granting of county relief to poor
persons through the overseer, I am not
prepared to say that the county board
the exercise of its powers, may not
cases of emergency designate some
her agency, such as the Red Cross so-
ciety, through which county relief may
be disbursed. But the county board
no power to make an appropriation
authorized by statute.

Very respectfully,
Edward J. Brandegee,
Attorney General.

Insurance Meeting Postponed
In account of the storm Jan. 12, the
annual meeting of the Millburn Mutual
Insurance company will be held in the
room of the Masonic hall, Mill-
burn, Ill., on Saturday, January 26,
at 10:30 a. m., to hear the official
report of the company, to transact any
business that may be brought be-
fore the meeting and for the election of
officers.

Members plan to attend.
J. S. Denman, Secretary.

Antioch Boys Organize Troop of Boy Scouts

A Troop of the Boy Scouts of Amer-
ica was organized in Antioch during
December with Rev. S. E. Pollock as
Scoutmaster and Royal T. Morgan,
Principal of Antioch Grade schools as
assistant. Eighteen boys have regis-
tered for the Troop. Meetings are
held every Tuesday evening in the High
School building.

The Boy Scout movement is non mil-
itary in purpose, but is intensely patri-
otic. Their motto is "Be Prepared,"
and in the present national crisis the
Scouts are finding many opportunities
for helpfulness. They secured over
one hundred million dollars in subscrip-
tions for the second Liberty Loan. The
value of their work was recognized by
President Wilson, who sent a letter of
appreciation to the National Council.
And now by the President's order the
Scouts have been appointed national
dispatch bearers for the Committee on
Public Information.

During the week each registered
scout will receive an identification card
issued by the committee and counter-
signed by the local Scoutmaster. On
the back of the card is a fac-simile of
President Wilson's letter.

My dear Mr. Livingstone:

I desire to entrust the Boy Scouts of
America with a new and important
commission, to make them the govern-
ment's dispatch bearers in carrying to
the homes of their community the
pamphlets on the war prepared by the
Committee on Public Information. The
excellent services performed by the
Boy Scouts in the past encourages me
to believe that this new task will be
cheerfully and faithfully discharged.

Sincerely yours,
Woodrow Wilson.

The first task assigned to the newly
appointed messengers will be the dis-
tribution of the President's Flag Day
address. Each scout is expected to
place a copy of this address in at least
fifteen different homes, securing in each
case a promise that the document will
be read and if possible passed on to
others. In each copy of the address
will be found a franked post card which
when properly filled out, will secure for
the reader a free copy of at least two
other publications issued by the Com-
mittee on Public Information. In Feb-
ruary the Scouts will be assigned work
in connection with the sale of War Sav-
ings Stamps.

The full strength of a Scout Troop is
thirty-two boys. Antioch Troop No. 1,
will have no difficulty in securing the
full complement. The boys are plan-
ning to secure uniforms as soon as pos-
sible. Members of the former Troop
having a scout uniform in good con-
dition should endeavor to dispose of it to
a member of the present Troop, as it is
unlawful for anyone not a scout to
wear any part of the scout uniform.

16,000,000 New Members Join Red Cross Host

Twenty-two million members and
the campaign still on in many localities.
That's how the American Red Cross
has made good in its campaign for 15,
000,000 members. It had 6,000,000
members when the campaign opened,
and it is thought most of them have
renewed membership. In addition 16,
000,000 new members have enrolled.

Henry P. Davison, chairman of the
Red Cross War Council, who called on
the people for \$100,000,000 last June,
when they gave \$118,000,000—the man
who has just called on them for 15,000,
000 members and has been given 20,
000,000—has issued a public statement
of appreciation. In part he says:

"The present total enrollment is fully
22,000,000. This is a magnificent
fact, an expression not alone of the
patriotism, but of the fine sympathy
and idealism of the whole American
people."

Chicago Gets Rev. Edw. White of Libertyville

The Rev. Edward White for five
years pastor of St. Lawrence Episcopal
church, Libertyville will go to Chicago
in February 1 to take charge of the
Holy Apostolic church, Albany Park.
Bishop Anderson of Chicago making
the appointment. The Holy Apostolic
church is just being formed, 200 fam-
ilies being in line. The parish expects
to build a church and parish house in
the spring. His five years' work in
Lake county has been very successful
and for this reason Bishop Anderson
selected him for the preliminary work
at Albany Park.

It was through the efforts of Rev.
White that St. Ignace church was
formed in this village, and he has many
friends here who very much regret his
removal from Lake county but wish him
the best of success in his new location.

SECOND STORM CRIPPLES TRAFFIC

Antioch and Entire Country
Suffers from Second Big
Snow Storm

RURAL MAILS ARE TIED UP

It has been the habit of the poets in
the past to write verse after verse
about the beautiful snow, but we doubt
if anybody in Antioch is agreeing with
them these days. A little bit of it may
be beautiful enough, but when trains
don't run, mail doesn't arrive for days,
doctors can't make rural calls and
everything gets tied up in general, we
say that is too much of the "beautiful."
And that is just what did happen to us.
Scarcely were we getting dug out of
the first big snow when last Saturday
along came another and buried us a
little deeper than before. There were
no trains from Friday night until some
time Monday and consequently there
was no mail. On Monday afternoon we
were welcoming Saturday's daily but
the Sunday papers were completely
lost in the shuffle. However Tuesday
the mails began to arrive on schedule
time once more.

There were no services at either of
the three churches Sunday. So badly
drifted in were the roads that the R.
F. D. carriers could not get through
and the doctors were unable to make
calls outside of the village.

Some of the country roads were open-
ed up Sunday afternoon and Monday
but many are as yet impassable. No
milk was received at the local factory
Saturday or Sunday and not near the
usual amount on Monday.

The storm was of a wide scope and
so intense was its ferocity that for the
first time in its history the Northwest-
ern railroad annulled all trains in the
storm belt and made no pretense of
maintaining even the locals.

In fact it is claimed that not a train,
not a automobile and only an occasional
street car moved in Lake county Sat-
urday. Well anyway we are about dug
out once more and as the wedding of
the snow shovel has about ceased the
wedding of the pen has begun and we
notice several of our citizens jotting
down notes so that in after years they
may refresh their memory about that
terrible snow of 1918.

William and Albert Ask For Hand-out

If you want to know just how it
feels to be snowed in several miles
from home and then be taken for a
"doubtful character" besides, just ask
A. N. Tiffany or Wm. Hancock, about
it. These two gentlemen paid a visit
to the county seat on Monday and by
reason of the heavy snow failed to
reach town until two o'clock in the
afternoon. There was then no time
for dinner so they rushed about and
Mr. Hancock managed to catch the
3:15 car out of Waukegan. Tiffany
was an hour later but with hopes that
the milk train on the Soo Line might
also be late he, still dinnerless, jour-
neyed on to Aros. Upon his arrival
there he again met Hancock and the
two by that time, hungry as wolves,
started out to find a good hot supper.
But for some reason it was not to be
found. As a chance they applied at a
private residence and were met with
the remark, "We don't care to take in
strangers," and so it went from place
to place. Albert blamed it onto the
suspicious looks of William, while Wil-
liam stoutly maintained that the fault
belonged to Albert. Then a happy
thought struck the brilliant Ex-Senator.
If only an old coat and hat could be
placed upon William perhaps a back
door call and a pitiful story might bring
a hand-out, and once more visions of
steaming hot coffee rose before him.
William was willing but alas the old
coat and hat were as hard to find as
that elusive support. Then an idea
slowly dawned in William's resourceful
brain and taking Albert by the arm he
gently guided him into a near by meat
shop where he purchased some cold
meat and from a store a loaf of bread.
This they ate minus the steaming, golden
coffee of their dream, but it appeased
their hunger and saved their lives
until they reached Antioch somewhere
in the "wee ama" hours of Tuesday
morning.

Ice Field Men Rebel Against Meatless Days

"Give us meat on Tuesday or we will
quit."

This is the unpatriotic demand made
by employees of the Heegle Ice house at
Twin Lakes, Wis., as a result of Presi-
dent Haegle's attempts to support the
United States government by an ob-
servance of meatless day. Misinformed
by I. W. W. propagandists and dis-
gruntled by the fact that their cow-
orkers in other ice house at Twin Lakes
were getting meat on Tuesday, the ice
cutters have created a near furor with
their protests against the action of
their employer in standing four-square
for Uncle Sam and the Stars and
Stripes.

The embargo reached a crisis on
Wednesday afternoon when twenty of
the ice men, who have been most ac-
tive in fomenting discontent among
their fellows, were summarily dis-
charged and shipped post haste to Chi-
cago. Here it is said federal officials
will investigate their actions inasmuch
as they have made near-seditious ut-
terances against the national food ad-
ministration.

In the face of this alarming opposi-
tion President Haegle has steadfastly
refused to compromise inasmuch as a
question of loyalty was involved and
he could not conscientiously and pa-
triotically retract.

"He's shown himself a real patriot,"
said a prominent resident of Twin
Lakes this morning. "In spite of the
fact that he was fighting it out alone
and against overwhelming odds, he has
stood his ground and defended his
country with real eloquence. He
hasn't cared how much it hurt his
business. He has felt that it was his
way of doing his bit and he has done it
even at the risk of personal danger."

Since the exodus of Wednesday af-
ternoon many of the ice men have
shown a disposition to view the matter
more reasonably and loyally. With the
chief propagandists gone several of
them—especially the "old timers"—
have expressed an absolute willingness
to conform to the regulations of the
government food administration.

This is especially true of the trusted
employees of the company several of
whom have declared to Mr. Haegle
that they "were with him" from the
start but were powerless to act against
the will of the gang.

State Soon to Enjoin Po- lution of Third Lake

Future pollution of Third Lake of
the Interlender Canning Company of
Graylake because of the inefficient
action of the septic tank at Graylake,
will result in an injunction directed
against not only the village but the
canning company as well.

State's Attorney James G. Welch
has served notice to this effect, his
action being taken at the instance of
Attorney General Brandegee.

As early as last summer L. H. Pre-
ntice of Waukegan who owns a fine
summer cottage on the banks of the
lake complained to the attorney gen-
eral that the canning factory refuse
was polluting the lake, leaving a heavy
green slimy scum on the surface.

The matter was referred to State's
Attorney Welch by the attorney gen-
eral and in company with Dr. J. A.
Kapplemann of the state board of
health he conducted a thorough investi-
gation. He discovered that canning
was being conducted on a gigantic
scale—that two million cans of peas
were canned there last summer.

He also found that the refuse from
the cannery was being deposited in
the village septic tank. Investigation
showed there was no pass which
was suspected at first. The investi-
gation showed that undoubtedly the
septic tank was unable to perform the
work demanded of it and that sewage
as well as the refuse from the canning
plant entered the lake in practically a
raw state.

The result of this probe was report-
ed back to the state with the result
that the state's attorney recently re-
ceived notice from the state board of
health to serve notice on the village of
Graylake that the septic tank must be
overhauled and cleaned to see whether
or not it will be in working condition by
the time the canning season starts next
spring.

Failure of the village to take all pos-
sible precaution, likewise proof that
the septic tank is not adequate will result
in the issuance of an injunction, the
direct result of which would be to pre-
vent the canning factory from operat-
ing. The state insists that the lake
must not be polluted again next sum-
mer.

Teaspoons From Cotton Fiber.
Cheap teaspoons have been manu-
factured from compressed cotton fiber.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Our Exchanges Have Many
Items of Different Events
Concerning News.

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

Cisco fishing is again occupying the
attention of all sport lovers in the vic-
inity of Lake Geneva.

Dr. O'Leary of East Troy has sold
his farm of ninety acres, two and a
half miles from that village to Wm.
Krueger at the consideration of \$11,000.

The Waukegan County Historical so-
ciety has a tattered banner recently
donated to it which was carried in the
widenwke parade of the Lincoln cam-
paign.

Jos. Daly of the Leonard Seed Co.,
Chicago, is in Elkhorn preparing to
drive the country aroundabout getting
accreage for the growth of peas. He
recently operated around Delavan ac-
curing over 315 acres from a large num-
ber of representative farmers.

Levi Chase, of Delavan Lake brought
the prize pike to Delavan, Wednesday
the weight being 94 pounds. Another
caught at the same time weighed 73
pounds. They were beauties in the
language of the Isak Waltonites.

The Peconica Live Stock Shippers'
association report that during the year
1917 they shipped to the Chicago mar-
ket seventy-two cars of live stock con-
sisting of 2,695 hogs, 587 cattle, 75 veal
calves and 78 sheep which sold for a
total amount of \$122,654.81.

John Bradley, sentenced to a life
term in Waupun prison for the murder
of Clifford L. Smith, a Zion City con-
tractor, lost his long fight for a pardon
at a hearing in Madison, Wis. Govern-
or Philipp denied his plea and he must
remain in the penitentiary.

A young lady, who has been busy
"knitting socks for the soldiers," for-
warded a sample of her work to Franco.
Although intended as moccasins, one of
the socks was very large and the other
quite small. On a slip of paper in the
toe of one was her name and address.
She received the following acknowl-
edgment scrawled on a piece of paper:
"I got you kid, I'm in the trenches and
doing my bit, I wear one for a helmet
and one for a mit. Where in h—l did
you learn to knit?"

Thrill Stamp Sale Over the Top With \$243,000,000

Indications that the issue of War Sav-
ings and Thrift Stamps, which will
total \$2,000,000 for the year, may not
supply the demand, are found in figures
of the distribution of the stamps up to
first of January, which have just come
from Washington to Martin A. Ryer-
son, director of the War Savings cam-
paign in Illinois.

The total number of the \$5 War Sav-
ings Stamps distributed was 44,698,000
and the value, at the December price,
was \$222,290,000. The number of 25-
cent Thrift Stamps distributed was
85,986,000 and the value \$21,495,500. By
distribution is meant that the stamps
were put out in the hands of sales
agents or individuals.

Antioch Band Elects Officers

The Antioch Band held its first busi-
ness meeting Wednesday evening and
elected the following officers:
W. R. Williams, President.
Dr. F. S. Morrell, Vice President and
Business Manager.
Leland Watson, Secretary.
Nelson Sibley, Treasurer.
Earl Horton, Librarian.
Merrill Sablin, Property Man.

The band is now on a business basis
and has progressed rapidly in their
lessons.

Preparations are now on foot to hold
a band dance in the near future to
raise funds to properly equip the band
and purchase music for the coming
summer concerts.

An Efficient Individual.
Bacon—"They say Crimmonhens does
everything well." Egbert—"How about
his lying?" "That's the best thing he
does."

A Food Warning on Canned Vegetables

This summer, urged by patriotic de-
sire to co-operate in food conservation,
American housewives canned an un-
usual quantity of fruits and vegetables.
Much of this canning was done by the
so called cold pack method.

Now, through the columns of the
Journal of the American Medical As-
sociation, a San Francisco physician,
Dr. Ernest C. Dickson, announces that
food thus canned should never be eaten
fresh from the can, but for safety's
sake should always be thoroughly cook-
ed before being eaten.

It appears that a certain poisonous
germ, bacillus botulinus, sometimes de-
velops in food, whether animal or vege-
table, canned by cold packing. This
germ causes severe symptoms which
may terminate in death.

And according to the San Francisco
physician, it is a germ particularly lia-
ble to develop in canned vegetables and
fruits. Says Dr. Dickson:

In order to test the efficiency of the
cold pack method of canning vegeta-
bles which may be contaminated by
spores of bacillus botulinus, a number of
jars of peas, beans and corn were pre-
pared according to the directions de-
scribed in daily press.

"Each jar was inoculated with an
emulsion containing spores of bacillus
botulinus before it was placed in the
washboiler."

"The one quart jars of peas and
beans were left in the boiling water for
120 minutes and those of corn were
heated for 180 minutes. The jars were
sealed immediately after removal from
the boiler and were inverted and placed
in a dark closet."

"Within two weeks it was noted that
the contents of all the jars had under-
gone a fermentation with the forma-
tion of gas and that some of them were
leaking. When the jars were opened
there was a strong odor which resem-
bled butyric acid and cultures of the
juice from all the jars showed a mix-
ture of bacillus botulinus and bacillus
sputilije."

"Portions of the juice from all the
jars were injected into guinea pigs and
some of the peas were fed to a chicken.
All the guinea pigs died within twenty-
four hours and the chicken developed
symptoms of limber neck and died with-
in thirty-six hours."

"A portion of the juice from the corn
was passed through a diatomaceous
filter and injected into a guinea pig and
the animal died within twenty-four
hours."

"The botulinus toxin is easily destroy-
ed by heating and all danger of botu-
lism will be removed from home canned
products if the food is always boiled be-
fore it is eaten or even tinned."

"Under these circumstances, and so home
canned vegetables which are prepared by
the cold pack method should be boiled
as usual unless 10 years
after their re-treatment's Casto-
tainer."

"And, until it can be shown that the
fruit is suitably department."

"The toxin, it will be seen, is a danger-
ous fruit which have been prepared by
this method, even though they have been pre-
pared by the cold pack method, and they have been cook-
ed."

I pass this warning on to you from the con-
fession that it is one of the most
given the widest publicity which I have
of what Dickson's advice. Don't fall in with the
panic about your cold packed fruits and
vegetables. But always heat them well
before using.

This may cause you a little trouble
and cost a little time. But surely you
will grudge neither the time nor the
trouble in the interest of your health
and of the health of those dear to you.
H. Addington Bruce.

Resolutions of Respect

Resolutions of sympathy adopted by
special meeting of Trevor Lottions
1295, Mystic Workers' Club, held at
Trevor, Jan. 8, 1918, and were
Whereas, Almighty God, by his
providence has seen fit to allow
death from our midst our beloved
Maud E. Merrill;
Resolved, That Trevor Lottions
1295 extend unto the husband
dread its most sincere sympathy for
them in their bereavements. And it is
further

Resolved, That a copy of these reso-
lutions be mailed to the family also to
the paper for publication and be read on
the records of our lodge.

Annie Smith,
L. H. Merrill,
Mildred Barber,
Committee.

The Automobilist.
The man in front drives like mad
all day, and the ladies sit still and look
at the scenery. Man at the wheel has
no time for that. When they stop for
the night, he's too tired for conversa-
tion.—Atlantic.

GERMAN SPY CAUGHT

U. S. SLEUTHS ARREST TEUTON
ARMY OFFICER IN PORTS-
MOUTH NAVY YARD.

CAME TO U. S. ON II-BOAT 53

Lieutenant Spooman is the Firebug
Captured by Government Detec-
tives—Explosion Would Have
Wrecked City and Ships.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 10.—Government
detectives arrested Lieutenant Spooman
of the German army as he was
trying to apply a match to the mag-
azine in the navy yard at Portsmouth,
which would have caused a disastrous
explosion that might have wrecked the
city and many war vessels.

Spooman wore the uniform of an
American naval officer. A letter was
found on him from Captain Boy-Ed,
former naval attaché to the German
embassy in Washington, showing that
he had received \$95,000 for spy work.

Spooman came to America on the
German submarine U-53, which caused
so much excitement when she turned
up suddenly at Newport in 1910, before
the United States was at war with
Germany. The object of the subma-
rine's visit at the time was not dis-
closed. The capture of Spooman re-
veals now that she had put ashore at
least one spy. The attempt of Spooman
to blow up the magazine is reported
as part of a widespread plot. Eight
confederates are known and will be
rounded up. A wealthy citizen of Bal-
timore is said to be concerned.

The German submarine U-53 ap-
peared suddenly in the harbor of New-
port, R. I., on the afternoon of Octo-
ber 7, 1910. Leaving Narragansett bay
late in the afternoon the U-53 appeared
the next morning off Nantucket light-
ship and during the day in that vicinity
sank four British, one Dutch and one
Norwegian steamships.

The raider then disappeared and re-
cently was reported as being a captive
in a French port.

MAJ. A. P. GARDNER IS DEAD

Former Congressman From Massachu-
setts Dies of Pneumonia at Camp
Wheeler Base Hospital.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Major Augustus
P. Gardner of Hamilton, Mass., died
in the Camp Wheeler base hospital on
Monday after a short illness from
pneumonia.

Major Gardner, who was a veteran
of the Spanish-American war, resigned
his seat in the house of representatives
last May to enter the army. During
his public career he was one of the
most active figures in the fight for
military preparedness, and he was one
of the leading supporters of the resolu-
tion recognizing the state of war
with Germany.

EXTEND ARMISTICE TO FEB. 10

Russo-German Peace Conference to Be
Resumed at Warsaw—Trotzky
Stands Firm.

London, Jan. 10.—Warning of the
possibility of a final break in the Rus-
so-German negotiations is the out-
standing feature of the current news
from Petrograd.

In the meantime, according to the
Daily Mail in the
armistice has been
January 10 and the
turns to Petro-
grad negotiations
an interval at

Trotzky declared
not abandon their

in U. S. STORES LOST

Gasoline in Big Warehouse
Blows Up.

Washington, Jan. 10.—A quantity of
gasoline, including \$1,000,000
worth of fuel, was destroyed, the quar-
termaster warehouse ruined and sev-
eral other buildings damaged by a fire
on Monday at the Washington barracks
occupied by engineer troops. A large
part of the city's fire apparatus was
called upon to fight the flames, to
which added impetus was given by
the explosion of a quantity of gasoline
stored in one part of the big ware-
house.

Ship Is Ramm-
ed.

Jan. 15.—Agents of
the ship Texan, a ves-
sel, received reports from
that it was sinking
location of the ship was
The naval authorities did
cause of the Texan's dis-
sidents reached shipping cir-
other sources were that
the vessel had been rammed amidsthip
in collision with another ship.

Bohewick Kill Officers.

Jan. 10.—A terrible
Russian naval officers of
the Black Sea fleet by Bohewick sail-
ors was reported from Sebastopol. At
least 100 officers, four of them ad-
mirals, are said to have been slain.

Drop Bombs on Karlsruhe.

London, Jan. 16.—A successful day-
light raid has been made on Karlsru-
he, according to a British official
communication issued here. Karlsru-
he, sometimes Karlsruhe, is the cap-
ital of the Grand Duchy of Baden.

REAR ADMIRAL GRIFFIN



REAR ADMIRAL ROBERT S. GRIFFIN

Rear Admiral Robert S. Griffin has
been named to succeed himself as chief
of the bureau of steam engineering of
the navy department instead of receiv-
ing another assignment, as is custom-
ary in the department.

SUFFRAGE BILL WINS

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
MEASURE PASSED BY HOUSE.

Vote Is 274 to 136—South Almost De-
feats Bill—Mann Leaves
Sick Bed.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The woman
suffrage constitutional amendment bill
passed the house on Thursday night,
274 to 136.

The victory had not a single vote to
spare. Two-thirds of 410 votes (the
total of 274 ayes and 136 nays) makes
274-136. But the house parliamentar-
ian ruled that the tally clerks could
"not split a man" into a third or any
fraction.

Some southern Democrats voiced
bitter opposition to the president's
statement of his position in favor of
the women. During the day this an-
tagonism steadily increased until it
seemed for a time in the first roll call
that the amendment had been de-
feeted.

Galleries crowded with women burst
into a salvo of applause such as the
chamber has not heard in years.

The loudest applause in the day-
long debate was given Representative
Decker of Missouri. After citing com-
mon sense and sacrifice in the war, he
shouted:

"I'll tell you why women should be
given a hand now—because they have
more courage, more self, more sheer,
determined bravery than men. The
world knows it."

James H. Mann of Chicago, Repub-
lican leader, and Thelus W. Sims,
chairman of the interstate commerce
committee, were cheered as they cast
the deciding votes. Mr. Mann had
been ill in a hospital in Baltimore and
Mr. Sims, a Democrat, fell on the lee
two days ago and injured himself.
Both left their beds to vote.

NEUTRALS NEED NOT FIGHT

Subjects of Neutral Countries Free
From Draft, Although Have
Taken First Papers.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Citizens of
subjects of European neutral coun-
tries, regardless of whether they have
taken out first papers for American
citizenship, will be freed from liability
to military service in the United
States if they appeal through their
diplomatic representatives here.

Minister Sulzer of Switzerland on
Friday reached an agreement with the
state department whereby Swiss al-
ready drafted, and in some instances
actually serving in the army, shall be
discharged if they desire, upon proof
of their Swiss citizenship.

Similar arrangements may be made
by other neutral representatives, and
the war department has signified its
willingness to co-operate in securing
the quick discharge of drafted aliens
entitled to release.

DRIVE HUNS FROM MOUNTAIN

Retreating Invaders Caught Under
Fire of Italian Troops and Suffer
Severe Losses.

Rome, Jan. 14.—Austro-German
forces were forced to evacuate some
trench sections near Cavassonechurina
on the Italian mountain front, the war
office announced. The retreating Ger-
mans were caught under the Italian
fire and suffered considerable losses.

Reds Must Serve Sentences.

Washington, Jan. 10.—All sentences
must be served by Emma Goldman,
Alexander Berkman, Louis Kramer
and all others convicted of conspiracy
to obstruct the selective draft, the
supreme court determined.

Family of Seven Dies.

Bowling Green, Ky., Jan. 16.—Scott
Franklin, a negro farmer, his wife and
five children were incinerated when
their home, near Smith's Grove, burned
Saturday night, according to word
reaching here.

FIRE AT INDIANAPOLIS

FIRMS WORKING ON WAR CON-
TRACTS SUFFER \$1,000,000
LOSS.

STARTED BY AN INCENDIARY

Four-Story Industrial Building, Six
Dwellings, Church and Other
Structures Destroyed—Firemen
Handicapped by Cold.

Indianapolis, Jan. 15.—Fire, believed
to have been started by an incendiary,
probably an alien enemy, on Sunday
night razed the four-story industrial
building, occupying the entire block
bounded by Tenth, Eleventh and Fay-
ette street and the canal, and periled
the entire district bounded by Tenth
street on the south, the canal on the
west, Fall creek on the north and Illi-
nois street.

The property loss is estimated at
more than \$1,000,000, but, in spite of
the fact that six dwellings, a church,
a grocery and a saloon were also de-
stroyed, it is believed that no lives
were lost.

Thirty manufacturing firms have
establishments in the industrial
building, and the fact that many of
them are engaged in making machines
and supplies, under war contracts, for
the government lends the authorities
to believe that the fire was started by
an alien enemy.

Fire Chief Loucks is of the opinion
that the blaze was of incendiary origin
and federal agents and the city
police are proceeding on this theory.

The flames appeared to break out
simultaneously in two widely sepa-
rated parts of the structure. Fanned
by a gale that swept from the south-
west, the flames spread with such
rapidity that the 31 companies—In-
dianapolis' entire equipment—had to
struggle desperately to save adjacent
blocks to the north and east.

The firemen were handicapped in
their work by the zero weather. In
order to augment the water supply
Chief Loucks had holes cut in the lee
of the canal, and was thus able to get
additional streams.

Falling walls placed the fire fighters
in danger and cut time after time of
loss.

The rapidity with which the fire
spread was explained by the fact that
the automatic sprinkler system, with
which the building was equipped
throughout, had been shut off in all
but the southwest corner. In a small
section of the plant only did the
sprinkler work.

So quickly did the fire spread that
it was impossible to save the contents
of the factories in the industrial
building. It was estimated that fully
\$400,000 worth of new automobiles
were stored in the basement.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 15.—The
Hawkins block, a six-story office build-
ing in the business district, was de-
stroyed and two other big buildings ad-
joining were being swept by a fire of
undetermined origin on Sunday night.
Almost impassable drifts of snow im-
peded the firemen in their efforts to
control the flames.

EX-POLICE CHIEF ACQUITTED

Charles C. Healey and Two Others
Found Not Guilty of Graft Charges
by Jury at Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Charles C. Healey,
former chief of police, was found not
guilty of charges of graft and bribe-
taking by a jury in Judge Sabath's
court. There were three ballots, the
first two standing 10 to 2 for acquittal.
Detective Sergeant Stephen J.
Barry and William J. Skidmore, so-
lomonkeeper, who were tried with
Healey on charges of conspiracy to
collect graft from the underworld, also
were acquitted.

This dramatic end to the most sen-
sational police graft prosecution in
Chicago's history came at 9:05 o'clock
Saturday night. The jury reached a
verdict after three hours, twenty-four
minutes of deliberating.

The jurors by their verdict indicated
that they believed the accusations of
the defense that the charges against
the accused men were the result of a
"frame-up."

WARNS OF COAL SHORTAGE

Fuel Administrator Says That Unless
Rigid Economy Is Put Into Effect
Severe Suffering Will Result.

Washington, Jan. 14.—With two
months of severe cold weather ahead
the country faces a coal shortage of
38,000,000 tons, according to estimates
announced on Friday night by Fuel
Administrator Garfield. At the same
time he gave a solemn warning that
unless universal and rigid economy is
put into effect at once severe suffering
will ensue.

Kentucky for Prohibition.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 16.—Both
houses of the Kentucky general assem-
bly ratified the proposed prohibition
amendment to the federal Constitution.
Kentucky is the third state to endorse
national prohibition.

F. E. Small Is Hanged.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 16.—Frederick
L. Small, a former Boston banker,
was hanged at the state prison for the
murder of his wife, Florence Arleen
Small, at their home in Ossipee in Sep-
tember, 1910.

DR. ROMULO S. NAON



DR. ROMULO S. NAON

New photograph of Dr. Romulo S.
Naon, who is reported to have resigned
his position of ambassador from Ar-
gentina to the United States as a pro-
test against the continued neutrality
of his country.

KAISER VOIDS OFFER

CENTRAL POWERS WITHDRAW
THEIR PEACE TERMS.

German General Objects to Appeals
Sent by the Russians to
Teuton Peoples.

Amsterdam, Jan. 14.—The central
powers have withdrawn their peace
terms made public at the Brest-Litovsk
conference on December 5. It was an-
nounced by Dr. von Kuehlmann, the
German foreign secretary in his speech
at the Brest-Litovsk conference with
the Russians on Thursday.

Owing to the nonacceptance by all
the enemy powers of those terms, Dr.
von Kuehlmann stated, that document
had "become null and void."

In the name of the German chief
command, General Hoffmann protested
most strongly against wireless mes-
sages sent out from Russian military
stations, containing abuses of the Ger-
man military institutions and appeals
of a revolutionary character to the
German troops.

Thus, he said, transgressed the spirit
of the armistice. Representatives of
the armies of Germany's allies joined
in the protest.

At the proposal of Leon Trotzky,
head of the Russian delegation, the sit-
ting was adjourned.

M. Trotzky said he requested ad-
journing in order that the Russian
reply to the Austro-German declara-
tions might be prepared.

The next sitting was fixed for eleven
o'clock Friday morning. It was
agreed that the Russian and Ukrainian
replies would be read at that time.

Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungar-
ian foreign minister, at a full sitting
of the peace conference at Brest-Litovsk
on Thursday said that as Russia's al-
lies had not replied to the invitation
to participate in the negotiations, it
was now a question of a separate
peace between Russia and the central
powers.

HERTLING TO REPLY TO U. S.

Chancellor of Germany Will Answer
Both Wilson and Lloyd-George—
"Paper Threatens America."

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Imperial Chancellor
Hertling, probably will reply to the
peace proposals of President Wil-
son and Premier Lloyd-George in a
speech in the Reichstag Monday.

Amsterdam, Jan. 14.—The Thelu-
sche Westfalische Zeitung says in re-
sponse to President Wilson's war aims
speech:

"We are working out our terms of
peace and Mr. Wilson will soon be-
come aware of them."

The newspaper adds that Germany
agrees with Mr. Wilson on the free-
dom of the seas, but adds:

"Mr. Wilson is unable to guarantee
it to us; therefore we propose to en-
force it with U-boats."

Railways Lose Their Fight.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The Illinois
Central railroad and 28 other roads,
by an opinion of the Supreme court,
lost their fight to have the Illinois two-
cent passenger fare law set aside.
Federal court decrees dissolving pro-
ceedings instituted by the Illinois Cen-
tral to restrain the Illinois public util-
ities commission from putting into ef-
fect the two-cent rate were sustained.

Thirteen Indian Boys Perish in Fire.

Marble City, Ohio, Jan. 15.—Thir-
teen Indian boys, ranging in age from
nine to seventeen years, lost their lives
in a fire that destroyed the boys' dormi-
tory of the Dwight Indian Mission
school near here on Saturday.

U. S. to Build Powder Plant.

Washington, Jan. 15.—A govern-
ment powder plant to cost \$60,000,000
and to employ about 15,000 men is to
be established by the war department
on the Cumberland river about 12
miles from Nashville, Tenn.

TO DRAFT NEW CLASS

BILL IN SENATE WOULD CALL
MEN WHO HAVE REACHED
TWENTY-ONE YEARS.

REFUSE TO RAISE AGE LIMIT

War Department Estimates Plan Will
Add About 700,000 Each Year—
Badges for Those
Exempted.

Washington, Jan. 17.—At the re-
quest of the war department Chairman
Chamberlain of the senate military
committee introduced a bill on Tues-
day for the registration for military
duty of all men who have become
twenty-one years old since June 5,
1917, when the draft law went into
effect.

In determining upon the registration
of men who have become twenty-one
since the draft law was enacted the
war department has rejected any plan
to raise the age limit of the draft to
take in men more than thirty-one.

Another bill which Senator Chamber-
lain introduced at the request of the
administration, provides for furnishing
National army men for harvesting
crops and other agricultural duty.

Another bill puts the quota of the
states on the basis of available men in
the first class instead of on population.

Registration of men who have be-
come of age since the draft law was
enacted was referred to in the recent
report of Provost Marshal General
Crowder, as one of the means by which
a supply of men for the National army
might be assured without taking those
who might have other dependents upon
them.

It could be done, also, the provost
marshal general pointed out, by ex-
tending the age limit above the present
line of thirty-one. The war department
has adopted the first suggestion. It
is estimated that it will add about 700-
000 men to the draft available each
year.

Congressmen have been informed
that further legislation would be neces-
sary to perfect and carry on the draft
and the passage of Senator Chamber-
lain's bill with administration support
is expected promptly in both houses.

Another bill introduced by Senator
Chamberlain would provide a distinc-
tive badge or button for exempted
men.

BACKS 'NO ANNEXATION' PLAN

"Tropical Africa Under International
Control and Freedom for India,"
Says British Labor.

London, Jan. 17.—The British labor
party in a message to the Russian peo-
ple, made public on Tuesday, an-
nounced that the British people re-
sented for the British empire the Rus-
sian principles of self-determination of
peoples and no annexations, particu-
larly in the middle East, Africa and
India.

The labor party declared in favor of
placing the whole of tropical Africa
under uniform international control.
The more rapid development of self-
government for India is promised.

The manifesto concludes with a re-
markable appeal to the Teutonic peo-
ples, as follows:

"The family interests of dynasties or
the desire of the German, Austria and
Hungary governing classes to dominate
other classes and nationalities must no
more be suffered to prevent self-determi-
nation in central Europe, and thereby
imperial Europe as a whole, than the
interests of British imperialism or British
capitalism must be suffered to do
elsewhere."

"Peoples of central Europe: This
catastrophe of the human race, this
fatal schism in the civilized world, can
only be ended by the defeat of militar-
ism on both sides and by the victory
on both sides of moral and intellectual
fair dealing. If the world is to be
saved it must be saved by good faith
and reciprocity on the part of all. Do
not fail us now. Do not let your gov-
ernments drive the British people, as
they are driving the Russian people,
into the terrible choice between con-
tinuing the war and abandoning the
only principles that can save the world."

"If this choice is forced upon us we
shall choose, as Russia chose. We shall
continue (the war), but the responsi-
bility will be yours."

SHELL YARMOUTH FROM SEA

German Craft Bombarde British Town
—Three Persons Killed and Ten
Injured.

Yarmouth, England, Jan. 17.—The
enemy craft which bombarded Yar-
mouth Monday night presumably was
a submarine or light cruiser. The
bombardment, which was preceded by
illumination of the town by large star-
shells, continued about eight minutes.
Three persons were killed and ten in-
jured.

Three Die in Train Wreck.

Beloit, Wis., Jan. 17.—Three were
killed and 18 injured when the Union
Pacific's Beloit-Sullivan special was
wrecked. The dead are: Ross Carle-
ton of Beloit, C. W. Cochrane of Abi-
lene, Mrs. Chubbann of Concordia.

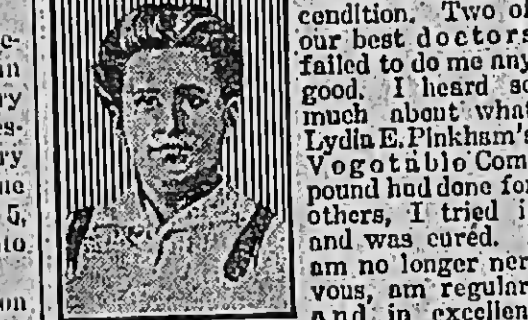
Five Perish in Flames.

Marion, O., Jan. 17.—Chris Hunt,
his wife and three small children per-
ished when fire destroyed their home
near here. Hunt was a farmer.
Neighbors passing the farm discovered
the fire too late to save the victims.

HOW THIS NERVOUS WOMAN GOT WELL

Told by Herself. Her Sin-
cerity Should Con-
vince Others.

Christopher, Ill.—"For four years I
suffered from irregularities, weakness,
nervousness, and in a run down
condition. Two of
our best doctors
failed to do me any
good. I heard so
much about what
Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound
had done for
others, I tried it
and was cured. I
am no longer ner-
vous, am regular,
and in excellent
health. I believe the Compound will
cure any female trouble."—Mrs. ALICE
HELLE, Christopher, Ill.



Nervousness is often a symptom of
weakness or some functional derange-
ment, which may be overcome by this
famous root and herb remedy, Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as
thousands of women have found by
experience.

If complications exist, write Lydia E.
Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for
suggestions in regard to your ailment.
The result of its long experience is
at your service.

Unnerved.
Bess—Was the groom self-pos-
sessed?
June—Not a bit; he showed up and
went through the ceremony.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay
Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound,
and 4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can
put this up or you can mix it at home at
very little cost. Full directions for mak-
ing and use come in each box of Barbo
Compound. It will gradually darken
streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft
and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not
sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Dog's Funeral Costly.

So drastic has the curb been placed
upon useless automobile driving in Lon-
don that a taxicab driver in Lon-
don was recently fined \$250 for driv-
ing from the city to Molestown with-
in the coffin of a dog in his car. Sir
Maufree and Lady Anderson hired him
to give their dog what they considered
a fitting burial. It was found that the
obsequies were elaborate. The driver
was fined under the motor spirits re-
striction act, which makes it punish-
able for any person to use petrol for
unnecessary purposes. The petrol is
needed badly for use in motor vehi-
cles at the front and England is evi-
denced in the hugeness of the driver,
John MacCarty's, fine, means to en-
force it.

New United States Industries.

Practically all the dolls manufac-
tured in this country are made in
Brooklyn. Herebefore they were im-
ported from Germany. Games, al-
ways a favorite Christmas present for
little folk, at one time were imported
from France, England and Germany,
but today most of them are being
made on this side of the Atlantic.
Firms in the trade have been working
their factories day and night and still
they could not fill their orders.

He Was Willing.

"And will you marry me?" asked the
man.
"And leave papa?" asked the sweet
young thing.

"Why, certainly."
"But what will papa do?"
"Oh, never mind. I'll do papa."
Yonkers Statesman.

It Was Too Much Apple Juice That Got

Old Adam Into Trouble.

There's

To

Instant

Postum

and "snap" to its

taste.

Try a cup and

notice the charming

flavor and substan-

tial character of this

table beverage.

Postum is a true

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, EDITOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPY 5c.

ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION

TELEPHONE 148-J



"OUR FLAG"

Governor Calls Boys for the Farm

The week of Jan. 21 to 26 is to be enrollment week for boys who are willing to help win the war by working on the farms next summer. The dates were fixed by Frank O. Lowden in an official proclamation, as follows:

By the Governor of Illinois—A Proclamation

Illinois is the greatest food producing state in the Nation. Her fathers fully realize the duty resting upon them during the continuance of the war, to strain every energy in order to produce the maximum of food. What they most need to accomplish this is additional labor. There are in our schools, and in occupations not essential to the conduct of the war, many thousands of active, vigorous and patriotic boys, between the ages of sixteen and twenty years. They are not subject to the Selective Draft. Most of them desire to do their bit, if only the way be pointed out to them. The problem is to fit them

in some way for the farm, and to bring them into practical relations with the farmers who need their help. The Educational Committee of our State Council of Defense, co-operating with our Department of Agriculture and State College of Agriculture of the University of Illinois, has arranged a special three months' farm course together with some practical training, by which these boys may be fitted, by the end of April, to undertake work upon our farms. These boys are to be enrolled in the United States Boys' Working Reserve, with the consent of their parents, but in no event are they to be employed in military service. The boy will receive full credit in his school work, and his moral and physical welfare will be conserved by volunteer visitors. Instead of detracting from their education, this service, in my opinion, will greatly aid it.

Agriculture, as an occupation, is becoming more and more attractive. The drudgery and isolation which drove those of a generation ago from the farms to the cities are rapidly giving way. Science has laid its hand upon the soil, and the farmer of today finds full scope for the exercise of his mind. Many, very many of the boys who shall go from the school room this spring to the farm will find the farmer's life so attractive that it will determine their permanent occupation.

I earnestly urge upon the able bodied youth of our state, of from sixteen to twenty years of age, to enroll themselves in the U. S. Boys' Working Reserve, and for this purpose I hereby designate the week of January 21-26 inclusive, as Special Registration Week. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of State at the capitol in Springfield, this fourteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and of the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and forty-second.

Frank O. Lowden,

Governor.

By the Governor:

Louis L. Emmerson,

Secretary of State.

Illinois is called upon to provide at least 2,000 boys for farm work. Places will be found for them by the State Council of Defense acting with the United States Boys' Working Reserve. They will be paid for their work.

A special short course in agriculture has been prepared at the University of Illinois for town and city boys who will enlist. That course will be started in high schools on February 1st. All boys should be enrolled in time to get the full benefit of that course.

Quick to Catch On.

Edward had an uncle who owned a grocery and market. On Saturdays it was Edward's delight to go there to help. On this particular day a neighbor chanced in. Finding Edward there, she thought she would find out how much the little fellow knew about business. Seriously she said, "Ed, have you chickens today?" The youngster's reply was: "Yes, we have all kinds, alive, dead, dressed and undressed."

Arithmetical Puzzle.

"How old is your sister?" a woman was asked. "Two-thirds of her age," was the answer. "Is just five-twelfths of mine, and I am nine years older than she." What was the age of each?

Maintaining Order in China.

In China every member of a family is responsible for order in that family and every inhabitant of a city is jointly responsible with every other citizen for its tranquillity. If a singer in a family should commit crime, the older son is likely to be kept in custody for the offense and perhaps punished.

To Investigate Leprosy.

The Japanese government making a thorough investigation of leprosy throughout Japan. Complete segregation of all the lepers on some island off the coast and the separation of the children from leprosy parents being considered by the government.

RANGE IN BLOUSES

Garments Suited to All Sorts of Costumes and Purposes.

Smart Models in Velvet and Satin Are Straight and Short, to Be Worn Outside Skirts.

The blouses are charming this year, full of originality, greatly varied, suited to all sorts of costumes and purposes, picturesque, formal, elaborate, simple, frivolous, severe.

The usual simple models in white, flesh-color or suit-color georgette, chiffon.



Fur-Edged Blouse of Satin.

fon, crepe de chine, satin and tub silks are to be seen, and extremely good looking some of them are. Many of them, even in the sheerest georgette, have a tailored air so far as line and finish go.

Smart little models, straight and short, to be worn outside the skirt are made up in velvet and in satin and are delightful where the wearer is slender enough of hip to stand the widening given to the figure by this utter elimination of waist and hip curves. One of these blouses was in a deep old blue satin embroidered in narrow bands of rich warm Oriental colors and narrowly bordered by fur. Another was in brown velvet embroidered in brown and gold.

A trifle longer than these models, a trifle more shapely and with long sleeves held in by a cuff in place of the short open sleeve of the blue satin and the brown velvet blouses is a blouse of creamy white satin delicately embroidered in gold.

Still longer—some reaching to the knees—are tunics of satin or velvet or lace or chiffon, some of them richly embroidered, some trimmed only by other material in the same color or by effective sash girdles.

The plain long velvet tunics with wide sashes of metallic brocade or of handsome colored brocade are often very effective, and stunning things are done by the blouse makers with metallic laces.

Practically all of these tunic blouses, short or long, are of the allpover variety, slipping on over the head and opening down the front only just enough to allow this.

KNITTED TRIMMING IS USED

Employed as a Novelty on Woolen Coats and Also on Some New Blouses of Georgette Crepe.

Apparently women have all grown so used to knitting that they just cannot stop doing it. At least, one is justified in such an inference from the number of knitted accessories and the forms of knitted trimming one sees. To begin with, the vogue of the knitted wool sweater is by no means finished. Women atop in their war work of making socks and mufflers now and then to knit a sweater for themselves of some gay yarn.

Perhaps the newest thing is the woolen coat with trimmings of knitted yarn. Some of these coats are very smart. They are expensive, too, for, of course, the knitted work is hand done, and they are also a novelty.

Some of the new blouses of Georgette crepe are embroidered in wool of various colors—quite effective, too.

Another novelty is the Georgette blouse with collar and cuffs of knitted worsted. The collar is of the stand-up and turn-over variety and it is held neatly snug with a band of black velvet or ribbon. The cuffs are elastic, of course, and cling closely to the wrists. A blouse of flesh-colored Georgette has collar and cuffs of bright blue and yellow.

The Tip-Toe Drape Coming.

A new idea is being featured in misses' suits this coming season, a tip-toe drape which is obtained by the arrangement of the fullness at the back. It is not a bustle, not even a bustle arrangement, but is a different drape, and adds a style to the figure which heretofore has been absent. The suit coats average 30 inches in the back with uneven bottoms. These bottoms may be rounded, pointed or scalloped, but the smartness still remains.

One model suggested a Norfolk coat style, but the fastening was made by drawing the belt through the coat fronts and fastening, thus allowing the front of the coat itself to be open. Plaits were used on these models and are laid in groups and add to the style.

POULTRY

CATARRHAL COLDS IN FOWLS

Simple Cold Prepares Way for Early Stages of Roup and Diphtheria—Prevention Is Best.

(By W. F. KIRK, Connecticut Experiment Station.)

One of the commonest and most frequently occurring diseases of poultry is simple catarrh or just plain cold. This disease appears in a large number of flocks regularly every season. In and of itself a simple cold does not cause much trouble, but inasmuch as it prepares a way for the early stages of roup and diphtheria it especially behooves the poultryman to combat colds the moment that they appear. Affected birds usually do some sneezing, do not look quite as bright nor have as good appetites, and what is perhaps most characteristic, there is a thin mucous secretion discharged from the nostrils, or in other words, the birds are running at the nose. If the case is not taken in hand at once this secretion likely will become cheesy or gelatinous, the bird will have to breathe entirely through its mouth and presently there is a well-developed case of roup to deal with instead of a plain, ordinary cold.

Weak birds that are improperly nourished are more likely to contract colds than stock that is well fed. As in the case of most other diseases, prevention is simpler than cure. One of the chief causes of this condition is the overcrowding of young, growing chicks in poorly ventilated sleeping quarters.

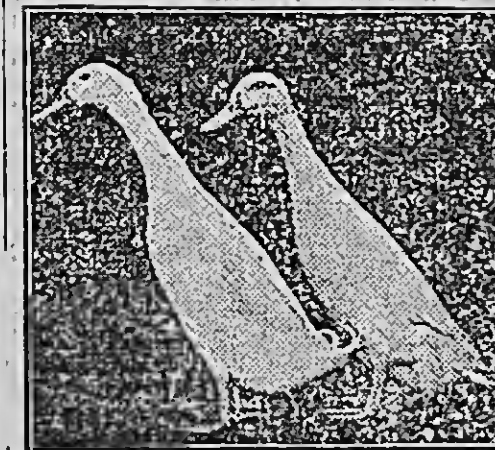
Much trouble can be avoided if fowls are provided with dry, well-ventilated coops, with the accent on "ventilated."

GIVE RUNNER DUCK A TRIAL

They Are Easy to Raise, Persistent Layers and Excellent for Table When Fattened.

Those who like raising ducks should give the Runner ducks a trial. They are easily raised, are persistent layers, and although they are not nearly as large as the Peking ducks they are more profitable, considering the large number of eggs they lay, and the fine-grained, juicy meat.

When fully matured, the female should weigh something over four pounds, and the male over four and



Runner Ducks.

one-half pounds. When the young are forced for market they can be made to weigh three and one-half pounds at ten weeks of age. There is a good demand in large markets for fat Indian Runners.

ECONOMICAL FEED FOR HENS

Soak Oats Until They Begin to Swell If Fowls Do Not Take Kindly to Them—Feed Dry Mash.

If the hens do not take kindly to oats, soak them until they begin to swell. Buy clipped oats if you must purchase them. Scalded oats may be fed to chicks four or five weeks old, with as good results as to hens.

Dry mash, being made of mill feeds or by-products, has not advanced as much as whole grains. Beef scrap has shown the least change.

An economical and satisfactory dry mash for growing stock and laying hens is composed of 100 pounds each of wheat bran, flour or standard middlings, cornmeal, ground oats and beef scrap.

Slim milk or butter milk can be used in place of beef scrap if it is available. Hens having milk usually eat more grain, but production per pounds of grain consumed is greater.

FOWLS NOT WORTH KEEPING

Hens Showing Characteristics of Poor Layers Should Be Marketed to Save Feed Bill.

Hens showing the characteristics of poor layers, and very old hens, are not worth keeping over the winter and are better marketed. By selling these birds their feed is saved and the birds that are left have more room and more chance to produce eggs when they are confined to the house by bad weather.

USE HOPPERS FOR DRY MASH

Furnish Protection Against Dust and Dirt and Keep Out Rodents and Wild Birds.

It is always best to use hoppers for feeding dry mash to fowls because the hoppers protect the supply against dust and dirt. Some are constructed so that they will keep out the rats and wild birds when closed.

The existing opportunity to buy Federal ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINES

On Easy Monthly Payments

should be acted on. The efficiency and economy of these machines may be testified to by any one of the numerous families in this town using them. A few cents a week will pay for the electricity used in performing a job for which the washwoman's bill runs into dollars.

We demonstrate the machines at
our principal sales rooms

Public Service Company of Northern Illinois

PEACH-TREE BORERS EASILY CONTROLLED

Expert of Missouri College Gives Practical Suggestions to Eradicate Insects.

The peach-tree borer lives most of his life as a worm embedded beneath the bark of the tree, usually just below the surface of the soil. Here it exists as a very small worm, eating away the life of the tree, getting larger and larger until it undergoes a change into a pupa and then a moth, which lays eggs for more worms to carry on their destructive work on the peach trees. The moths lay the eggs on the trunk and branches of the trees during the summer—most of the eggs being laid during July, August and September. The eggs hatch in from 10 to 15 days, and the young borers enter the trees. By frost the borers have all entered the trees and some will be very small, while others are nearly full grown.

Leonard Haseman of the University of Missouri, college of agriculture, offers the following suggestions for controlling the insects:

Draw the soil away from the trunk of the tree to a depth of four inches or until the roots are exposed, and search for the tunnels. With a sharp knife follow these tunnels until the worms are found, and then kill them. The presence of a mass of gum at the base of a peach tree usually indicates the presence of borers. This gum is thickened wax which exudes where the tree is injured. There may be a number of borers in a single tree. The worker should get at least all the large ones before laying the tree. A small, slender white worm is often found in the sap. This is not the peach tree borer, and it does no damage to the tree, but lives on the sap. Where borers are abundant, worm the trees again in the spring. Also get rid of old, worthless peach trees, practice clean culture in the orchard, and keep the bearing trees vigorous.

GOOD FEED FOR EGG RATION

Quantity of Meat Should Vary With Richness—Best to Mix Scraps With Meal Feed.

It is safe to feed in no egg ration one-tenth to one-fifth by weight of meat in the total ration, the quantity varying with the richness of the meat and other food used. It is best to mix the meat in the meal food.

A Christmas Acrostic

(Compiled from the Yuletide Utterances of Great Minds by Harvey Peake in the Baltimore Sun.)

A LITTLE child, thou art our guest,
That weary ones in thee may rest.
—Martin Luther.

MISTLETOE hung in the castle hall,
The holly bough shown on the old oak wall.
—Thomas Haynes Bayly.

ENGLAND was Merrie England when
Old Christmas brought his sports
again.
—Walter Scott.

RING out ye crystal spheres,
Once bless our human ears!
—John Milton.

RAINY clouds possessed the earth
And eadly fell our Christmas Eve.
—J. Cawdell.

YE who sang Creation's glory,
Now proclaim Mistletoe's birth.
—James Montgomery.

CHRIST is born, the great anointed,
Heaven and earth his praises sing!
—J. Cawdell.

HARK, the herald angels sing:
"Glory to the new-born King!"
—Charles Wesley.

RING the bells and raise the strain,
And hang up garlands everywhere.
—Susan Coolidge.

I HEAR along our streets pass the minstrel throngs.
Hark! They play so sweet on their hautboys
Christmas songs—Longfellow.

SING the angel of great joy that the angels began,
Sing of glory to God, and of good will to man!
—John G. Whittier.

THIS day hath God fulfilled his promise word,
This day is born a Savior, Christ the Lord.
—J. Byron.

MAY you have as many happy months
As you taste mince pies at Christmas Eve.
—Old English Saying.

A T Christmas play, and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year.
—Tusser.

SOMETIMES with oysters we combine,
Sometimes assist the savory chine:
From the law peasant to the lord,
The turkey smokes on every board.
—Walter Gay.

The Bath Habit.

In the eighteenth century the bath was a season's event, and soap was almost a thing unknown. It was scarcely ever used, or at least infrequently. It was by no means an indispensable toilet necessity. And most of us can recall the time, musing an exchange, when Saturday night was religiously dedicated to the weekly bath. That is why we all appreciate the story of the woman who wrote her friend, "We just moved into a new apartment. It has the cutest bathtub. I can hardly wait until Saturday night."

Doubtful.

For our part, we doubt if there was ever a girl who could carry a broken heart and eat boiled cabbage at the same time.—Galveston News.

RURAL NEWS

LAKE VILLA

Ray Bartlett is home for a while. Arrangements to attend the Farmer's Institute at Lake Villa Jan. 30.

We hear the Signal Corps at Camp Grant is quarantined for measles.

Miss Fae Potter is very ill with pneumonia and a trained nurse is in attendance.

No church or Sunday School service were held Sunday as the streets were impassable.

Victor Moore of Grayslake was guest of John Rowling at the Shepherdson home last week.

Miss Prough has returned to Oak Park after having spent two weeks at the home of Mrs. E. Bartlett.

The Ladies' Aid society is arranging an apron social to be held at the church basement Friday evening, Jan. 25.

The Royal Neighbors will hold their annual installation of officers at the hall Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 29, and the Woodmen will install in the evening.

Mrs. Herman Meyers and daughter were guests of Grayslake friends several days recently. They were snow bound.

The men of the village cleared up all the walks Monday, as the snow was too deep to use a horse and snow plow as is usually done in a light fall of snow.

School began again Monday in the intermediate room and in the others on Tuesday, as Miss Smith could not get here till the trains got to running Monday.

Frank Hamlin was home Monday, but had to come by way of Milwaukee and Waukegan. Fred and Chas. Hamlin, A. Kappeler, F. Nader, Paul Avery and Harry Miller were snow bound in Waukegan and unable to come home for the week-end.

Chas. Keller and helpers had a busy time Sunday to feed the passengers on the snow bound train which was here all the afternoon and until Monday morning, besides the crew of snow shovelers for the R. R. company.

MILLBURN

E. M. Cannon will have his sale Tuesday, could not postpone it.

The Cemetery meeting was held on Monday and the same officers elected.

There is no flour, oil or sugar also many other things the merchant is out of.

Mrs. J. H. Bonner and Leslie Bonner spent Thursday in Chicago with Mr. Bonner.

J. H. Bonner is in the German-American hospital for an operation for appendicitis.

The Millburn Mutual Insurance company have postponed their meeting till January 26.

The roads are terrible, business was paralyzed Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Some of the milk moved Monday.

TREVOR

Mrs. Murphy is entertaining a sister from Brighton.

Ruth and Charley Thornton were in Antioch Thursday.

Mr. Dixon collected taxes at Shredde store Wednesday.

Mrs. Harry Lubeno and brother were in Kenosha Friday.

Albert Stanke transacted business in Kenosha Wednesday.

A large number of our boys received their questionnaires this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Letzler entertained company from Chicago Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barthel of Channel attended the installation of officers of the Mystic Workers Tuesday evening.

Oliver Eberts arrived Tuesday with a trainload of sheep from Montana, on Thursday he shipped a carload to Chicago.

Mrs. Van Wermer, who was visiting a daughter at Ingleside was called home Wednesday by the illness of her husband.

Mr. Van Osdale who is spending the winter with his son in Chicago, spent Tuesday and Wednesday calling on friends here.

Another severe blizzard visited this vicinity Friday morning, continuing till Sunday. All traffic was suspended and there was no train service till Tuesday.

Not Always

It is easy for some women to love their husbands when they have money and can support their wives well. When money fails, love grows hard. Milwaukee Journal.

WILMOT

Margaret Kruckman has the chicken pox.

A. G. Pacey was not as well the past week.

Mrs. C. McClellan has an attack of neuritis.

Ada Dean resumed her school duties at Wheatland Wednesday.

There has been an auditor at the Milk Products Co. creamery this week.

High School reopened Tuesday morning with a very creditable attendance considering the roads.

Mrs. Fred Gauger and son Harold returned from a several weeks visit with Mrs. Gauger's parents at Edgerton, Wis.

Owing to the scarlet fever epidemic still prevalent at Silverlake Edith Dean did not have to return to her school work this week.

A. Minsert returned Monday from Madison where he attended a three day convention called for the Teachers of Agriculture by Sept. Carey.

Ethel May Wright left for Kansas City Tuesday, to resume her concert work for the rest of the season, after having spent the holidays with her parents here.

Frank and Fred Hatch spent several days at Champaign, Ill., looking for a fifth teacher for the Antioch high school of which Mr. Frank Hatch is a director.

Clarence Wright received a letter from Lieut. E. J. Derby saying that he would not hear from him again for some time, until he was "Somewhere in France."

Nick Nelson, wife and daughter and Mrs. Zudhey of Milwaukee were guests of Mrs. Ben Kanis the forepart of the week. Tuesday they went to Powers Lake.

Miss Zepp returned from her home Monday and on finding the schools were to be closed for the week, left for Jonesville, from where she returned this Monday.

A. McDougall is expected home from the Wesley hospital in Chicago this week, where he has been the past month taking the Alpine Light treatment for his foot.

Mary Knizer was taken to her home in Wheatland Friday because she was suffering from an attack of gall stones. It is the first time in the twenty years that Miss Knizer has been at the Wilmoth hotel that she has been forced to take a vacation for illness.

Friends of John Foster in this locality will be interested in knowing that he is in the Rainbow division under Capt. Roy and for the past two months his division has been drilling back of the line "Somewhere in France."

Many friends of Oscar Pacey will be pleased to learn that he is doing nicely under the care of Dr. Murphy. The bone was broken below the knee but it was a clean break. The fact that the horse was sharp shod gave him rather bad flesh wound besides. Much praise is being given his daughters Eunice and Goldie for their bravery under such trying conditions. Especially, Eunice who started out alone in the awful lizzard on horse back for assistance. Had she lost her way all three would have undoubtedly lost their lives before morning. Luckily, she saw light at Arthur Pacey's and rode to it. Mr. Pacey and his daughter were returning to their home in Geneva when the storm, became so bad that they were forced to stop. Trying to extricate the horses one of them kicked Mr. Pacey, breaking his leg.

His Business

Robert L. Stevenson, who is best known to children through his "Child's Garden of Verses," was always fond of animals. A very kind to them, and one time made a very neat, little retort to a man who was beating his dog. When Stevenson interfered, the man asked, "Well, what business is it yours? He ain't your dog." "Not he's God's dog," Stevenson declared, "and I'm here to protect him." And he did.

Bo Fieros

The class been studying about the house fly Ood Health, and the teacher made much of the danger with which the germ-carrying habits of these threaten the public health. Tesson sank deep into the mind of George, who later was asked to write a composition on the subject. He wrote, "The fly is a insect," he wrote with dirty, "he has six legs, he is more drows than a lion, but I had rather would bite me than a lion."

Would be the Theme

Doris' mum was reading a sad story to her in Doris said: "O' mummy, read fables until I get the frog out of throat."

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number Six

Billie and Jimmie Will Take Military Training.

"I am mighty sorry, Uncle Dan, that this is your last night with us. Can't you stay longer? We boys are having a peach of a time," said Billie.

"Well, if you get more out of it in the way of pleasure than I," said Uncle Dan, "you are going home."

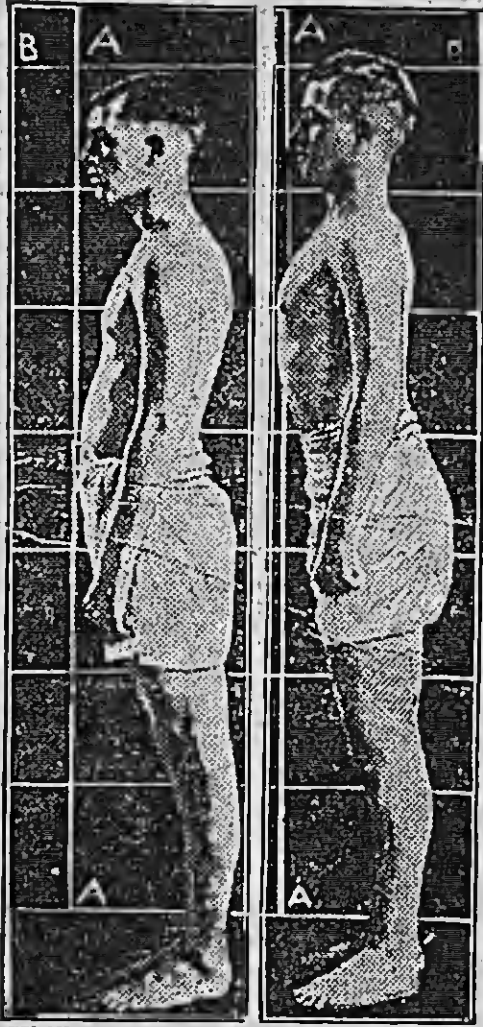
"Billie, I have been talking seriously with your father and mother about sending you to a military academy and they asked me to talk with you about it."

"Whoopee!" Billie screamed, like a wild Indian.

"Now, hold your horses," said Uncle Dan, "and listen to me. You know I sent my boy, Howard, to one of these schools for a year when he was about your age. He was narrow chested, stoop shouldered, rather loose jointed; he had the big head and needed discipline and physical development. He was growing fast and I wanted him to be strong physically."

"Say, Uncle Dan," said Billie, "I believe your description of Howard fits me pretty well, eh?"

"Well," said Uncle Dan, "to be frank I think it does; you need the same thing. Howard did not like it at first. I am told for a few weeks he had 'rough sledding,' but after he found that the only way was to obey orders, he caught the spirit of the institution and liked it. We did not see him for about six months, then he came home for a few days. We were astonished at his appearance. He had gained about 20 pounds in weight, his muscles were as hard as nails, he stood as straight as an arrow, he was courteous, consider-



Note the result of six months of military training. Compare lines A-A and B-B in cut.

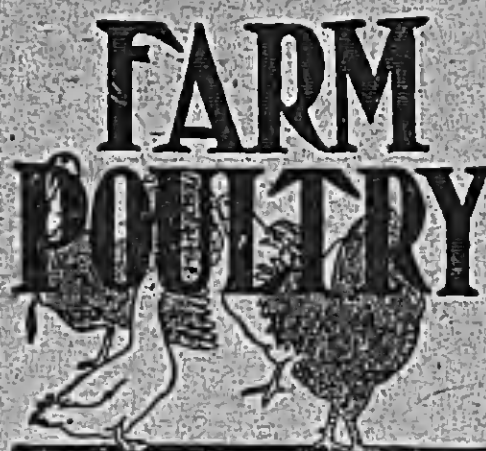
nite and manly. His awkwardness had disappeared. The change was wonderful and it was all to the good. Here is a photograph showing 'before and after' taking, and I am sure no patent medicine advertisement could beat it.

"Well, mother and I were delighted. That was ten years ago, and Howard says the year he spent at the military academy was the best year of his life."

"Now," said Uncle Dan, with great earnestness, "when such training does so much good, makes better citizens and at the same time fits a man to defend his country, why should not Uncle Sam furnish this training at the government's expense? The government has the right to call anyone to serve in case of war, and without training, a man is worth nothing as a soldier. Uncle Sam has splendid new training camps that will soon be available for the purpose, therefore, here is double reason why the Chamberlain bill for compulsory military training should be passed at once, so that every boy physically fit may have this training and not leave it for his parents to pay for. On account of the expense, not one boy in 50 can take the training now. I am glad that you can do so. These big crops and big prices, I find, make the farmers rather 'cocky,' and that the best is demanded by them."

Billie was up with the lark the next morning, more excited and enthusiastic than ever. He had a plan. He knew Jimmie owned a cat worth \$100; that he would make almost another \$100 on his petcat's life if they turned out well, and that he had from his previous savings, bought a \$100 Liberty bond. Billie's plan was to have Jimmie cash in and go with him. He was disappointed to find that Jimmie would still lack about \$300 of having enough to see him through. His lip quivering, he said: "I'm mighty sorry to leave Jimmie."

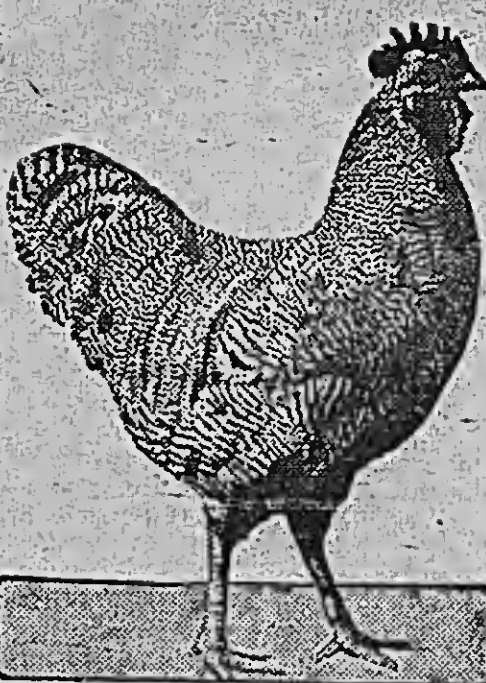
Uncle Dan was silent a moment or two, then he asked Billie to go down to the orchard and get him some apples to eat on the train. While he was gone, it was arranged that Uncle Dan and Mr. and Mrs. Orban would advance the money necessary so that Jimmie could go. When Billie returned he was told about it. He ran to the phone and called Jimmie, saying: "Come on over, run just as fast as you can, I've got the greatest news you ever heard of."



FARM POULTRY

Quality and Not Quantity Counts These Days—Bigger Returns Secured From Small Flocks.

As quality and not quantity, is what counts these days, it will pay better to hatch a small number of chicks from the best fowls in the flock, than it will to hatch a large number from ordinary stock. A great many make the mistake of trying to keep too many fowls in their breeding yards, in order to keep a good stock of layers on hand. A small flock that has



Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerel.

been culled, and you know to be good stuff, will bring larger returns in the end.

It is very important to look after the ages of the fowls to be mated. As a rule cockerels are mated to hens, and cocks to pullets. This is all right, yet one can get good results by mating fowls of the same age, provided they are well matured. It is never advisable to mate pullets with cockerels. A male bird two years of age is best.

Twelve to 14 hens should be mated with one male for best results. It is sometimes the case that a male may be mated with a larger number of hens with good results, but it is risky to experiment. You should be sure that you have a good male bird at the head of your flock. If the male is strong and vigorous at all times, you will at least be half certain of strong eggs for hatching.

PROFITS IN EGGS PRODUCTION

Experimental Results at Indiana Station Show That There Is Money in the Business.

Considerable attention has been given to the present lack of profit in egg production. Data gathered by the Purdue Experiment station show that there has been a good profit during the past year, despite the high prices of feeds.

Experimental results at that station have shown that it takes six pounds of mixed feeds to produce a dozen eggs on the farm. On this basis, with local grain prices, it cost 0.6 cents for feed to produce a dozen eggs in 1914-15; 11.3 cents in 1915-16, and 15.2 cents in 1916-17. During the same periods the average income per dozen eggs was 18.1 cents, 20.2 cents and 30.4 cents respectively. This means a profit over feed cost of 8.5 cents in the first named period; 10.9 cents in the second, and 14.6 cents in the third, or during the past year.

Doesn't it look like there's still a profit in producing eggs on the farm?

CANKER INDICATIVE OF COLD

Also Results From Injuries Received Fighting—Plan for Treatment Outlined.

While canker is usually indicative of a cold, it is also the result of injury. When male birds have been fighting, cankers are likely to form from injury to the mouth. Geras get rooted in these wounds and set up ulcerating sores. Digestive disorders will cause canker. Look to the diet of birds that are affected; clean out the cankers and apply pure soda, or creolin, if at hand. Make a swab of cotton on a toothpick, and touch every spot of the sore. Peroxide of hydrogen, diluted with an equal amount of water, will cleanse. The sores should then be touched with carbollized vasoline.

KEEP POULTRY HOUSES DRY

Difficult Matter When Outside Is Fairly Reeking With Moisture—Change Litter Often.

When the outside is fairly reeking with moisture it is difficult to keep the inside of the poultry quarters from dampness. By changing the litter often and providing ventilation enough to carry off all the foul air, the fowls can be kept reasonably comfortable, and it is a relief to know that this kind of weather cannot last always.

OUGHT TO BE GOOD



First Musician—So he's an organist, eh? Is he good?

Second Musician—He ought to be—he plays in church twice every Sunday.

IN THE MUSEUM



Manager—What are you sending up to the automobile garage for?

Assistant—For a tire-repairer. Somebody punctured "The Pat Boy's" rubber stomach.

VICE VERSA



"When the doctor began to practice on me he said I was all in."

"How were you when he finished?"

"All out."

CHEAP



The Fish—What are you looking so disgruntled about?

The Crab—It's enough to make a crab embittered. I hear we're only a nickel a copy on most of the lunch counters.

TOUGH



"Both day and night I'm on the go."

The tired chauffeur protested. "I never get a rest, although I often get arrested."

Cause of Rainfall.
Rainfalls are governed by the law of repartition of the temperatures in the atmosphere, and to break the equilibrium and bring about rain requires so great an energy as cannot be attributed to such a feeble cause as that determined by the local vibrations produced even by the most intense firing of cannon.

Battery Gives Boiling Heat.
A battery invented by a French electrician is claimed to give six times the usual current by heating its contents to the boiling point.



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